# GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL \& COLLEGE, PRAYAGRAJ 

ASSIGNMENT- 03

SESSION: 2020-21

CLASS: X(A,B,C,D,E,F)

## SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

INSTRUCTIONS: The parents to ensure that their ward watches the video instructions for this assignment by clicking on the given link:

PART(I): https://youtu.be/b83Kby-lgJk
PART(II): https://youtu.be/WzFELI3r30s
She should revise the lesson given in the book and then work on the assignment.The completed assignment is to be downloaded and filed/pasted in the subject file/copy and kept ready for submission.

The day, date and procedure of submission shall be notified later.
Reference book: Concise Mathematics Class X- by R.K.Bansal.

## PART(I)

## CHAPTER: EQUATION OF A LINE

## SOLVE THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

Ques1- $\ln \triangle A B C, A=(3,5), B=(7,8)$ and $C=(1,-10)$. Find the equation of the median through $A$.

Ques2- Find the equation of the line whose slope is $-\frac{5}{6}$ and $x$-intercept is 6 .
Ques3-Find the equation of the straight line passing through origin and the point of intersection of the lines $x+2 y=7$ and $x-y=4$.

Ques4-The lines represented by $4 x+3 y=9$ and $p x-6 y+3=0$ are parallel. Find the value of $p$.

Ques5-Find the equation of the line passing through (-2,1) and perpendicular to $4 x+5 y=6$.

## PART (II)

## CHAPTER: TRIGONOMETRICAL IDENTITIES

## PROVE THE FOLLOWING IDENTITIES:

Ques1- $\frac{1}{\sec A+\tan A}=\sec A-\tan A$
Ques2- $\sec ^{2} A \cdot \operatorname{cosec}^{2} A=\tan ^{2} A+\cot ^{2} A+2$
Ques3- $\frac{1}{1+\cos A}+\frac{1}{1-\cos A}=2 \operatorname{cosec}^{2} \mathrm{~A}$
Ques4- $\frac{1+\sin A}{\cos A}+\frac{\cos A}{1+\sin A}=2 \sec A$
Ques5- $\frac{\sin \theta \tan \theta}{1-\cos \theta}=1+\sec \theta$

## CHAPTER: HEIGHTS AND DISTANCES

## SOLVE THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

Ques1-A boy, 1.6 m tall, is 20 m away from a tower and observes the angle of elevation of the top of the tower to be (i) $45^{\circ}$ (ii) $60^{\circ}$. Find the height of the tower in each case.

Ques2- Find the height of a tree when it is found that on walking away from it 20 m , in a horizontal line through its base, the elevation of its top changes from $60^{\circ}$ to $30^{\circ}$.

Ques3- From the top of a cliff, 60 metres high, the angles of depression of the top and bottom of a tower are observed to be $30^{\circ}$ and $60^{\circ}$. Find the height of the tower.

Ques4-The horizontal distance between two towers is 75 m and the angular depression of the top of the first tower as seen from the top of the second, which is 160 m high, is $45^{\circ}$. Find the height of the first tower.

Ques5- From the top of a hill, the angles of depression of two consecutive kilometre stones, due east, are found to be $30^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$ respectively. Find the distances of the two stones from the foot of the hill.

NOTE: Refer to your book and do the following questions in your mathematics notebook/register.

| Page no. | Exercise no | Question no. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 197 | Ex 14(c) | 8,20 |
| 201 | Ex 14(d) | 11,20 |
| 325 | Ex 21(A) | 34,44 |
| 343 | Ex 22(c) | 19,20 |

## THE END

