

Girls' High School and College, Prayagraj

Worksheet-V

Session 2020-2021

Class X ABCDEF

Subject- Geography

Instructions- Parents are expected to ensure that the student spends two days to read and understand the Chapter and thereafter answer the given questions.

Refer - A Textbook of ICSE Geography by Veena Bhargava

TOPIC: Minerals and Energy Resources

I. Answer the following questions:

1. Name the different types of iron ore found in India. Which is the best quality iron ore?
2. Why is copper important for electrical machinery?
3. Name the state which is the largest producer of copper in India.
4. Distinguish between the Conventional and Non-Conventional sources of energy.
5. Mention any two advantages of Solar Energy.
6. Mention one advantage of generating power from bio-gas.
7. Mention any two uses of Manganese.
8. Which metal is obtained from Bauxite? Mention any two uses of the metal mentioned by you.
9. Name one important area that has large coal deposit in the states of Jharkhand and West Bengal.

10. Study the picture below and answer the questions that follow:



1. What is depicted from the above picture?
2. What are the raw materials required for this energy?
3. State any one advantage of this power plant.

MAP OF INDIA

Note: The following marking is to be practiced strictly on the map of India in which rivers are marked.



- (i) Distribution of Population —
Total population of India as per census 2011 — 1,210 billion (1,210,193,422)
- (ii) Average density of population in India — 368 persons per sq. km. in year 2011.
- (iii) Largest populated state — U.P. = 199,581,477.
- (iv) State — High density of population is in Bihar — 1102 persons per sq. km.
- (v) Most sparsely populated state — Sikkim — 607,688.
- (vi) Lowest density of population — Arunachal Pradesh — 17 persons per sq. km.
- (vii) Sparsely populated region in Western India — Western Rajasthan (Part of Thar Desert)

Fig. 21 : India — Distribution of Population.

END