Girls' High School and College,Prayagraj
Assignment No.-1

Session:2020-2021

Class: 9th Section: C,D,E
Subject:Computer Applications
Chapters: Introduction to Java
and Values and DataTypes

Instruction:

The Parents to ensure that their ward watches the video instructions for this assignment by clicking on the given links: https://youtu.be/6c4ZmMSr3Ho and https://youtu.be/PyINBknkK64

She should revise the lesson given in the book and then work on the assignment. The completed assignment is to be downloaded and filed /pasted in the subject file/copy and kept ready for submission. The day, date and procedure of submission shall be notified later.

Chapter: INTRODUCTION TO JAVA

Q1. OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS:

A. STATE TRUE OR FALSE:

- 1. Stand-alone Java applications cannot run independently on a computer.
- 2. A console based java application is designed to be used via a text-only interface.
- 3. Java Applets are Java applications that run within a web browser.

- 4. The machine language version of the source code generated by the compilation process is specific to the processor you are compiling on.
- 5. The Bytecode files are generated with the ".java" extension.
- 6. Java uses a combination of compilation and interpretation.
- 7. Just-In-Time(JIT) compiler compiles selected portions of Bytecode into executable code.
- 8.An Interpreter translates the source code instructions into machine code all at once.

Q2. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

- 1. Write a brief note on java language.
- 2. Define two features of java.
- 3. Why is java a platform independent language?
- 4. How is java a secure language?
- 5. What is JVM?
- 6. Define Bytecode.
- 7. What are java applets?
- 8. Name two types of java programs.
- 9. Describe the slogan " write once,run anywhere "in relation to java.
- 10. Distinguish between:
 - a) Source code and Object code
 - b) Compiler and Interpreter
- 11. What will be the result produced by following java program?

```
class My_class
{
public void test()
{
   System.out.println("Printed inside of ");
   System.out.println("My_class");
}
}
```

12. Execute the given program on blue j to check whether entered number is a prime number or not.

(Prime number is a number that is only divided by 1 and number itself.)

PROGRAM:

```
public class Prime
{
  public static void main(int n)
  {
  int c=0;
  for(int i=2;i<n;i++)
    {
    if(n%i==0)
    c++;
    }
    if(c==0)
    System.out.println("It is a prime number ");
    else
    System.out.println("It is not a prime number");
    }
}</pre>
```

Chapter: VALUES AND DATA TYPES

Q1. OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS:

A.STATE TRUE OR FALSE:

- 1. Java supports the use of the ASCII character set only.
- 2. The smallest unit in Java program is known as token.
- 3. The Unicode character set uses between 8 and 32 bits per character.
- 4. In an escape sequence a character is a preceded by a forward slash (/).
- 5.In java, an identifier can not begin with a \$ sign.
- 6. The boolean datatypes are used for storing logical values.

- 7. Java offers five types of tokens.
- 8. The char datatype reserves 8 bits in memory.

Q2.SUBJECTIVE QUESTIONS:

A.ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN SHORT:

- 1. What is a character set?
- 2. What is an escape sequence in Java?
- 3. What are tokens in Java? Name any three tokens.
- 4. What are Keywords? Give an example.
- 5. What are Identifiers?
- 6. What are Literals in Java?
- 7. What are Primitive data types in java?
- 8. State the number of bytes occupied by char and int data types.
- 9. What are the default values of the primitive data type int and float?
- 10 Describe the use of the final keyword.
- 11. Write one difference between primitive data types and composite data types.
- 12.What is the result of evaluating the following expression? (1+2*2) / 2+2;

B.PROGRAM:

1.Execute the given program on Bluej to see the use of horizontal tab and newline escape sequences.

public class Escape_Sequence

```
{
public static void main (String args[])
{
   System.out.println(" First line\nSecond line");
   System.out.println ("A\tB\tC);
   System.out.println ("D\tE\tF");
}
}
```

END