<u>GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL & COLLEGE, PRAYAGRAJ</u> <u>SESSION - 2020-21</u> <u>WORKSHEET – II</u> <u>CLASS – 10 A, B, C, D, E, F</u> <u>SUBJECT – HISTORY/CIVICS</u> <u>CHAPTER – THE UNION PARLIAMENT</u>

<u>INSTRUCTIONS</u> – Parents are expected to ensure that the student spends two days to read and understand the Chapter according to the book and websites referred and thereafter answer the given questions.

<u>NOTE</u> – <u>WEBSITES</u> - <u>www.google.com</u>, <u>www.extramarks.com</u>, <u>www.aplustopper.com</u> > <u>union-parliament-icse-solutions-class-10-</u> <u>hist...</u>

<u>BOOK</u> – ICSE History and Civics book Modern Indian History / Contemporary World and Civics -BB. Tayal & A. Jacobs.

Answer briefly: -

- **1.** Name the three sessions of the Indian Parliament.
- **2.** Mention the maximum period for which a Money Bill may be delayed by the Rajya Sabha.
- 3. Who presides over a Joint Sitting of both Houses of Parliament?
- **4.** Who is the ex-officio Chairman of the Rajya Sabha?
- **5.** Name the Bill which cannot be introduced in the Rajya Sabha.
- 6. State any one exclusive power of the Rajya Sabha.

- Mention any one qualification required to be a member of the Rajya Sabha.
- **8.** Name the three lists which distribute the subjects of legislation between the Union and the States.
- **9.** How many members of the Rajya Sabha retire after every two years?
- 10. Who is the presiding officer of the Lok Sabha?
- 11. How are members of the Rajya Sabha elected?
- **12.** State one function of the Speaker of the Lok Sabha.
- **13.** Mention any two circumstances under which the Union Parliament may make laws on subjects in the State List.
- 14. When does a Bill become an Act?
- **15.** Mention two important occasions when the President addresses a joint sitting of the two Houses of Parliament.

Answer in detail: -

- **1.** Describe how Parliament controls the Executive through the following procedures:
- a) Adjournment Motion
- **b**) Question Hour
- c) No-Confidence Motion

2. With reference to the composition and organization of the Rajya Sabha, answer the following:

- a) Mention the maximum number of Members of the Rajya Sabha
- **b**) What is the term of the Rajya Sabha?
- c) How many Members may the President nominate to the Rajya Sabha?
- **3.** Parliament today is not a law-making body only; it has become a multi-functional institution. In this context make a mention of its following powers and functions:
- a) Two of its Legislative powers
- **b**) Two of its Judicial powers
- c) Two of its Electoral functions
- 4. Describe how does the Parliament exercise control over the National Finance in respect of: -
- a) Annual Budget
- b) Supplementary Grants
- c) Vote on Account

5. With reference to the Union Parliament, answer the following questions:

- a) Which bodies have the right to legislate on subjects in the Concurrent List?
- **b**) What happens in the case of conflict between such laws?
- c) What is meant by 'Residuary Powers'?

<u>END</u>