## GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL AND COLLEGE

## 2020-2021

CLASS - 12 B \& C
MATHEMATICS

## WORKSHEET NO. 2

## CHAPTER: MATRICES

Note: Parents kindly instruct your ward to visit the relevant website www.khanacademy.org www. topperlearning.com or refer ISc Mathematics for class 12 by OP Malhotra. The student should go through the topics first for at least 2 to 3 days and then attempt the questions.

Transpose Matrix : The matrix obtained from any given matrix A by interchanging it's row and the column is called transpose matrix and is denoted as $A^{\prime}$ or $A^{t}$. Thus if the order of the matrix $A$ is $m \times n$ then the order of the matrix $A^{t}$ is $n \times m$.
$\qquad$
Let $A=\left[\begin{array}{ll}2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5\end{array}\right]$ then $A^{\prime}=\downarrow\left[\begin{array}{ll}2 & 4 \\ 3 & 5\end{array}\right]$ this shows that the elements of the first row ( $\left.2 \begin{array}{ll}2 & 3\end{array}\right)$ of matrix $A$ is written in the first column of matrix $A^{\prime}$ and the elements of the second row (45) into the second column. ( shown by an arrow).

## Properties of transpose matrix :

Let $A$ and $B$ are the suitable matrices, then
i. $\quad\left(A^{\prime}\right)^{\prime}=A$
(iv) $(A-B)^{\prime}=A^{\prime}-B^{\prime}$
ii. $\quad(-A)^{\prime}=-A^{\prime}$
(v) $(A B)^{\prime}=B^{\prime} A^{\prime}$
iii. $\quad(A+B)^{\prime}=A^{\prime}+B^{\prime}$
(vi) $(k A)^{\prime}=k A^{\prime} \quad$ where $k$ is scalar

## Solve the following questions based on the above properties:

1. If matrix $A=\left[\begin{array}{lll}1 & 2 & 3\end{array}\right]$, write $A A^{\prime}$, where $A^{\prime}$ is the transpose of matrix $A$.
2. If $A=\left[\begin{array}{cc}-1 & 5 \\ 3 & 2\end{array}\right]$ and $B=\left[\begin{array}{cc}3 & -2 \\ 5 & 4\end{array}\right]$, verify that
i. $(A+B)^{\prime}=A^{\prime}+B^{\prime}$
ii. $(3 A)^{\prime}=3 A^{\prime}$
3. If $A=\left[\begin{array}{cc}\cos x & \sin x \\ -\sin x & \cos x\end{array}\right], 0<x<\pi / 2$ and $A+A^{\prime}=\sqrt{ } 2 I$, then find the value $x$.
4. Find the values of $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ and z if the matrix $\mathrm{A}=\left[\begin{array}{rrr}0 & 2 y & z \\ x & y & -z \\ x & -y & z\end{array}\right]$ satisfy the equation $\mathrm{A}^{\prime} \mathrm{A}=\mathrm{I}_{3}$
5. If $A=\left[\begin{array}{c}1 \\ -4 \\ 3\end{array}\right]$ and $B=\left[\begin{array}{lll}-1 & 2 & 1\end{array}\right]$, verify that $(A B)^{\prime}=B^{\prime} A^{\prime}$
6. If $A=\left[\begin{array}{rrr}1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ a & 2 & b\end{array}\right]$ is a matrix satisfying $A A^{t}=9 I_{3}$, then find the values of $a$ and $b$.
7. Find the integral value of x if $\left[\begin{array}{lll}x & 4 & -1\end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{ccc}2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 4\end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{lll}x & 4 & -1\end{array}\right]^{\mathrm{t}}=0$
